



24% + 3% Mag

Composite Block

For Beef Cattle on Pasture

Guaranteed Analysis

Crude Protein (Min)	24.00%
(Includes not more than 16.00% equivalent crude protein from non-protein nitrogen)	
Crude Fat (Min)	4.00%
Crude Fiber (Max)	5.00%
Calcium (Min)	5.00%
Calcium (Max)	6.00%
Phosphorus (Min)	0.60%
Salt (Min)	2.50%
Salt (Max)	3.50%
Magnesium (Min)	3.00%
Copper (Min)	60 ppm
Manganese (Min)	230 ppm
Selenium (Min)	3.3 ppm
Zinc (Min)	200 ppm
Vitamin A (Min)	15,000 IU/lb
Vitamin D-3 (Min)	7,500 IU/lb
Vitamin E (Min)	7.5 IU/lb

CAUTION: Use as directed. Consumption of selenium should not exceed 3 mg per head daily.

WARNING: This product, which contains added copper, should not be fed to sheep or any species with a low tolerance to supplemental copper.

NET WEIGHT: 200 LBS. (90.7 KG)

Ingredients

Processed Grain By-Products, Calcium Carbonate, Magnesium Oxide, Urea, Molasses Products, Salt, Monocalcium Phosphate, Dicalcium Phosphate, Hydrolyzed Vegetable Oil, Manganous Oxide, Manganese Sulfate, Zinc Oxide, Zinc Sulfate, Copper Sulfate, Sodium Selenite, Ethylenediamine Dihydroiodide, Calcium Iodate, Cobalt Carbonate, Vitamin A Supplement, Vitamin D-3 Supplement, Vitamin E Supplement and Mineral Oil.

Introductory Period: Following a 7 to 10 day acclimation period, average consumption should be 1 to 2 pounds for mature cattle with unrestricted forage supplies. Position the blocks 50 to 75 feet from loafing, feeding and watering areas. Some repositioning of blocks may be necessary as animals become acclimated to the presence of the blocks. Move blocks closer to increase consumption; further away to decrease consumption. If over consumption occurs for more than two weeks and repositioning of blocks does not correct the situation, remove blocks and evaluate the overall feeding program. **DO NOT ALLOW STARVED ANIMALS FREE ACCESS TO THIS BLOCK.**

Feeding and Management

1. Feed at a rate of one block per 15 to 30 head. All animals should have equal access to blocks. Timid and smaller animals need their share.
2. Place blocks where animals congregate. Locate blocks throughout the pasture at loafing, grazing and watering areas. Adequate distance must be maintained between blocks to prevent crowding - 10 feet minimum.
3. Feed blocks continuously along with plentiful sources of forage and clean, fresh water. Animals should not run out of blocks. When a block is two-thirds consumed, provide a new block near it.
4. Cattle should consume 1 to 2 pounds per head daily based on a 1,000-pound animal.
5. Consumption of this block may vary depending upon animal body condition, quality and quantity of forages, seasonal weather conditions, and most importantly, feeding locations of blocks with respect to loafing, grazing, feeding and watering areas.
6. If additional vitamin and mineral fortification is desired, provide an appropriate ULTRALYX® self-fed mineral supplement in addition to this supplement.

For more information contact your ULTRALYX® representative.

Manufactured By:
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Batch #

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