



# Cattle Lix 16% Dairy

## Low Moisture Block

For Lactating Dairy Cattle

### Guaranteed Analysis:

Crude Protein (Min) .....	16.00%
Crude Fat (Min) .....	4.00%
Crude Fiber (Max) .....	2.50%
Acid Detergent Fiber (Max) .....	8.00%
Calcium (Min) .....	1.00%
Calcium (Max) .....	1.50%
Phosphorus (Min) .....	0.50%
Potassium (Min) .....	2.00%
Cobalt (Min) .....	30 ppm
Copper (Min) .....	300 ppm
Iodine (Min) .....	40 ppm
Manganese (Min) .....	1,200 ppm
Selenium (Min) .....	4.4 ppm
Zinc (Min) .....	1,200 ppm
Vitamin A (Min) .....	60,000 IU/lb
Vitamin D-3 (Min) .....	15,000 IU/lb
Vitamin E (Min) .....	60 IU/lb

**CAUTION: Use as directed.** Feeding added selenium in excess of 0.3 ppm in the total diet is prohibited.

**WARNING:** This product, which contains added copper, should not be fed to sheep or any species with a low tolerance to supplemental copper.

### Ingredients:

Molasses Products, Processed Grain By-Products, Plant Protein Products, Calcium Carbonate, Hydrolyzed Vegetable Oil, Monocalcium Phosphate, Dicalcium Phosphate, Manganous Oxide, Manganese Sulfate, Zinc Oxide, Zinc Sulfate, Copper Sulfate, Sodium Selenite, Ethylenediamine Dihydroiodide, Calcium Iodate, Cobalt Carbonate, Vitamin A Supplement, Vitamin D-3 Supplement, Vitamin E Supplement and Mineral Oil.

### INTRODUCTORY PERIOD:

Following a 7 to 10 day acclimation period, average consumption should be 0.5 to 1.5 pounds for mature cattle with unrestricted forage supplies. Position the blocks 50 to 75 feet from the loafing, feeding and watering areas during the first week of feeding. Some repositioning of blocks may be necessary as animals become acclimated to the presence of the blocks. Move blocks closer to increase consumption; further away to decrease consumption. If over consumption occurs for more than two weeks and repositioning of blocks does not correct the situation, remove blocks and evaluate the overall feeding program. **DO NOT ALLOW STARVED ANIMALS FREE ACCESS TO THIS BLOCK.**

### FEEDING RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Provide 1 block for every 20 to 30 head. All animals should have equal access to blocks. Timid and smaller animals need their share.
2. Place blocks where animals congregate. Locate blocks throughout the pasture at loafing, grazing and watering areas. Adequate distance must be maintained between blocks to prevent crowding - 10 feet minimum.
3. Feed blocks continuously along with plentiful sources of forage and clean, fresh water. Cattle should not run out of blocks. When a block is two-thirds consumed, provide a new block near it.
4. Cattle should consume 0.5 to 1.5 pounds per head daily based on a 1,000-pound animal.
5. Consumption of this block may vary depending upon animal body condition, quality and quantity of forages, seasonal weather conditions, and most importantly, feeding locations of blocks with respect to loafing, grazing, feeding and watering areas.
6. If additional vitamin and mineral fortification is desired, provide an appropriate Triple Trust® self-fed supplement in addition to this supplement. **This product does not contain salt; provide a source of free choice salt.**

For more information, contact your Triple Trust® representative.

**NET WEIGHT: 200 LBS. (90.7 KG)**

Manufactured By:  
**Ridley Block Operations**  
Mankato, MN 56001

Batch #

**18768**

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